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AMEMBASSY BRASILIA

AMEMBASSY LISBON

AMEMBASSY LONDON

AMEMBASSY NEW DELHI

AMEMBASSY NICOSIA

AMEMBASSY OSLO

AMEMBASSY OTTAWA

AMEMBASSY ROME

AMEMBASSY SANTIAGO

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E.O. 11652: N/A

TAGS: OGEN

SUBJ: USUN UNCLASSIFIED SUMMARY NO. 55

GA PLENARY -- CYPRUS, IDA REPLENISHMENT

ASSEMBLY NOVEMBER 13 CONTINUED DEBATE ON CYPRUS QUESTION, HEARING STATEMENTS BY DAHOMEY, EGYPT, POLAND, UK, CANADA, CZECHOSLOVAKIA, TURKEY, SOVIET UNION, ITALY (ON BEHALF OF EEC), INDIA, ALBANIA AND HUNGARY. GA ALSO ADOPTED WITHOUT VOTE DRAFT RESOLUTION URGING SUPPORT FOR THE FIFTH REPLENISHMENT OF THE INTERNATIONAL DEVELOPMENT ASSOCIATION (IDA). IN ADDITION, GA PRESIDENT THORN STATED THAT HIS REMARKS FOLLOWING THE VOTE ON THE RESOLUTION ON RACISM HAD BEEN MADE IN HIS CAPACITY AS "A POLITICIAN FROM LUXEMBOURG" AND NOT AS PRESIDENT OF THE GA. HE REGRETTED THAT HIS REMARKS HAD BEEN TAKEN TO REPRESENT HIS POSITION AS GA PRESIDENT, AND PROMISED TO CONTINUE TO GUIDE THE ASSEMBLY'S PROCEEDINGS IN AN IMPARTIAL MANNER. THE REPRESENTATIVES OF MAURITIUS AND YEMEN THEN ACKNOWLEDGED HIS APOLOGY AND SAID THE MATTER WAS CLOSED.

DAHOMY (ADJIBABE) AID TURKEY BELIEVED ITS AGGRESSIVE ACTIONS AGAINST CYPRUS WOULD REMAIN UNPUNISHED AS LONG AS THERE WAS CONFLICT BETWEEN THE SUPER-POWERS IN THE MEDITERRANEAN. HE SAID IT WAS THE DUTY OF THE UN TO PROVIDE THE CYPRIOT GOVERNMENT WITH THE MEANS TO IMPLEMENT ITS PROGRAM IN A DEMILITARIZED CYPRUS. HE ADDED THAT THE GA SHOULD ELIMINATE FOREIGN INTERFERENCE IN CYPRIOT AFFAIRS, AND SHOULD AVOID THE USE OF SUCH TERMS AS "GREEK CYPRIOT" AND "TURKISH CYPRIOT" BECAUSE THERE WAS ONLY ONE CYPRIOT PEOPLE. EGYPT (MEGUID) SAID IT SUPPORTED THE LEGITIMATE CYPRIOT GOVERNMENT HEADED BY ARCHBISHOP MAKARIOS, AND CALLED FOR THE SPEEDY IMPLEMENTATION OF THE UN RESOLUTIONS ON THE CYPRUS QUESTION. HE ALSO URGED THE TWO CYPRIOT COMMUNITIES TO RESUME THEIR TALKS, ADDING THAT THE PEOPLE OF CYPRUS COULD SETTLE THEIR DIFFERENCES IF LEFT FREE OF EXTERNAL INTERVENTION.

POLAND (JAROSZEK) SAID THE CYPRUS PROBLEM HAS ORIGINATED IN TURKISH AGGRESSION WHICH WAS SUPPORTED BY THOSE IN NATO
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WHO FELT NO COMPUNCTION ABOUTSACRIFICING SOVEREIGN STATES TO ACHIEVE OBSOLETE COLD WAR OBJECTIVES. EH PREDICTED THAT A PROMPT AND EFFECTIVE SETTLEMENT COULD BE EXPECTED ONCE FOREIGN INTERVENTION WAS ENDED. HE SAID THAT ANY DECISION OF THE GA ON CYPRUS MUST BE BASED ON THE PREVIOUS SECURITY COUNCIL AND UNGA RESOLUTIONS ON THE QUESTION. UK (RICHARDS) APPEALED FOR CONTRIBUTIONS TO THE UN PEACE-KEEPING FORCE IN CYPRUS (UNFICYP) WHICH WAS IN SERIOUS FINANCIAL

DIFFICULTY. HE WARNED THAT ANY UNILATERAL DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE BY PART OF THE ISLAND WOULD ONLY AGGRAVATE THE CONFLICT, AND URGED THE RESUMPTION OF THE INTERCOMMUNAL TALKS. HE ALSO ENJOINED THE PARTIES DIRECTLY CONCERNED TO AVOID PUBLIC RECRIMINATION AT THE UN IN ORDER TO CREATE A FAVORABLE ATMOSPHERE FOR THE TALKS.

CANADA (RAE) SAID HE WAS CONCERNED ABOUT THE LACK OF PROGRESS IN RESOLVING THE CYPRUS DISPUTE BECAUSE OF ITS DISRUPTIVE EFFECT ON RELATIONS AMONG CANADA'S CLOSE FRIENDS. HE DECLARED THAT A POLITICAL SOLUTION MUST BE FOUND BY THE TWO PARTIES DIRECTLY CONCERNED, AND URGED THE SYG TO SET UP A FIFTH ROUND OF INTERCOMMUNAL TALKS. CZECHOSLOVAKIA (HUNINSKY) SAID THE CYPRUS PROBLEM REMAINED UNRESOLVED BECAUSE NEO-IMPERIALISTS WERE TRYING TO TURN CYPRUS INTO A NATO BASE. HE EXPRESSED SUPPORT FOR LAST YEAR'S UNGA RESOLUTION ON CYPRUS, ADDING THAT THE PEOPLE OF CYPRUS SHOULD BE ENABLED TO SOLVE THEIR DIFFERENCES BY THEMSELVES. HE ALSO ENDORSED LAST YEAR'S SOVIET PROPOSAL FOR THE CONVENING OF AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON THE CYPRUS QUESTION.

TURKEY (TURKMEN) SAID THE DRAFT RESOLUTION (L.769) SUBMITTED BY THE GREEK CYPRIOT DELEGATION REFLECTED A SPIRIT OF "EGOCENTRISM, HATRED, HYPOCRISY AND CYNICISM". SPECIFICALLY, HE CHARGED THAT THE RESOLUTION'S CALL FOR THE WITHDRAWAL OF TURKISH TROOPS WAS IRRATIONAL FOLLY BECAUSE IT WOULD PERMIT THE GREEK CYPRIOT FORCES TO DESTROY THE TURKISH COMMUNITY. HE ALSO REJECTED THE RESOLUTION'S DEMAND FOR THE RETURN OF REFUGEES TO THEIR HOMES AS "PROPAGANDA" BECAUSE IT IGNORED THE NECESSITY FOR A COMPREHENSIVE SETTLEMENT. IN ADDITION, HE SAID THE RESOLUTION'S CALL FOR NEGOTIATIONS BETWEEN THE TWO CYPRIOT COMMUNITIES WAS UNACCEPTABLE BECAUSE IT IMPLIED THAT ONLY THE TURKISH CYPRIOTS SHOULD MAKE CONCESSIONS. HE UNCLASSIFIED

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DENIED THAT TURKEY WAS TRYING TO CHANGE THE DEMOGRAPHIC STRUCTURE OF CYPRUS, POINTING OUT THAT THE SO-CALLED TURKISH COLONISTS WERE ACTUALLY SEASONAL LABORERS AND RETURNING TURKISH CYPRIOT REFUGEES.

THE SOVIET UNION (ISSRAELYAN) SAID THE CAUSE OF THE CYPRIOT PROBLEM LAY IN THE INTRIGUES OF NATO CIRCLES TO CONVERT CYPRUS INTO A MILITARY BASE. HE SAID THE UN HAD A DUTY TO HELP THE CYPRIOT PEOPLE DEFEND THEMSELVES AGAINST "IMPERIALIST ENCROACHMENT", AND REITERATED THE SOVIET PROPOSAL TO CONVENE AN INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON CYPRUS. ITALY (VINCI), SPEAKING ON BEHALF OF THE EEC, URGED THE PARTIES CONCERNED TO FIND A SOLUTION BASED ON THE UN RESOLUTIONS BY PRESENTING CONCRETE PROPOSALS ON THE TERRITORIAL AND CONSTITUTIONAL ASPECTS OF THE PROBLEM. HE SAID THE EEC SAW THE CYPRUS

CRISIS AS JEOPARDIZING THE SECURITY OF THE NEARBY REGION AND
WAS CONCERNED ABOUT THE UNCERTAIN STATE OF THE NEGOTIATIONS.
HE ADDED THAT UNILATERAL INITIATIVES WOULD BE CONTRARY
TO UN RESOLUTIONS AND AN OBSTACLE TO COMPROMISE.

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ISO-00 /146 W

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O P 140617Z NOV 75

FM USMISSION USUN NEWYORK

TO SECSTATE WASHDC IMMEDIATE 3994

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USMISSION NATO PRIORITY

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INDIA (JAIPAL) REGRETTED THAT UNGA RESOLUTION 3212 HAD NOT BEEN IMPLEMENTED, AND WARNED AGAINST UNILATERAL ACTIONS WHICH WOULD HINDER A PEACEFUL SETTLEMENT. HE ALSO NOTED A MORE CONCILIATORY TONE IN THE RECENT STATEMENTS OF THE GREEK CYPRIOT AND TURKISH CYPRIOT REPRESENTATIVES, WHICH RAISED HOPES FOR THE SUCCESS OF THE INTERCOMMUNAL TALKS. ALBANIA (NACO) SAID THAT SITUATION IN CYPRUS WAS AN EXPRESSION OF THE RIVALRY BETWEEN THE TWO SUPER-POWERS IN THE REGION WHO TRIED TO INCITE ONE COUNTRY AGAINST ANOTHER SO THEY COULD COME FORWARD AS ARBITERS. HE ASSERTED THAT THE TWO SUPER-POWERS DID NOT DESIRE A SOLUTION TO THE CYPRUS PROBLEM BECAUSE IT WAS PART OF THEIR GLOBAL STRATEGY TO KEEP THE ISLAND A HOTBED OF TENSION. HUNGARY (HOLLAI) DEPLORED THE CONTINUING INTERVENTION IN CYPRUS BY NATO MEMBERS WHO PRACTICED THE POLICIES OF THE COLD WAR ERA EVEN AS THEY PROFESSED THEIR SUPPORT FOR DETENTE AND PEACEFUL COOPERATION IN EUROPE.

COMMITTEE 1 -- DISARMAMENT

THE NETHERLANDS INTRODUCED 13-POWER DRAFT RESOLUTION (L. 721) IN COMMITTEE NOV. 13 WHICH CONCERNS PEACEFUL NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS, REQUESTS CCD TO KEEP UNDER REVIEW THE ARMS CONTROL IMPLICATIONS OF NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS FOR PEACEFUL PURPOSES, INCLUDING THE POSSIBILITY THAT SUCH EXPLOSIONS COULD BE MISUSED TO CIRCUMVENT ANY BAN ON THE TESTING OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS, AND REQUESTS THE IAEA TO CONTINUE ITS STUDIES ON THE SUBJECT. THE NETHERLANDS REPRESENTATIVE EXPLAINED THAT THE RESOLUTION WAS A FOLLOW-UP ON LAST YEAR'S RESOLUTION 3261 D (XXIX). STATEMENTS ON DISARMAMENT ITEMS WERE MADE BY THE REPRESENTATIVES OF FINLAND, ROMANIA, GDR, BANGLADESH, UK, AND LIBERIA.

FINLAND (PASTINEN) THOUGHT THE SALT TALKS IN THEMSELVES WERE AN ARMS CONTROL MEASURE OF VITAL IMPORTANCE. HOWEVER, THERE WERE DISRUPTIVE ELEMENTS SUCH AS MIRVS, MOBILE ICBMS, DEVELOPMENTS IN ANTI-SUBMARINE WARFARE AND THE INTRODUCTION INTO SENSITIVE AREAS OF NEW WEAPONS SYSTEMS WITH NUCLEAR CAPACITY. PASTINEN HOPED THE GA WOULD TAKE A DECISIVE STAND ON HOW THE INTERNATIONAL COMMUNITY WANTED TO

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DEAL WITH THE ISSUE OF PEACEFUL NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS; HOPED THE BENEFITS OF PNES, IF ANY, WOULD ONLY BE MADE AVAILABLE TO NON-NUCLEAR WEAPONS STATES IN FULL ACCORDANCE WITH THE PROVISIONS OF ART. V OF THE NPT; SAID THE US AND SOVIET DRAFTS REGARDING PREVENTION OF ENVIRONMENTAL WARFARE SEEMED TO COVER ALL ESSENTIAL ASPECTS, AND SUPPORTED EFFORTS TO DEVELOP HUMANITARIAN LAW IN ARMED CONFLICTS AND TO RESTRICT THE CONSEQUENCES OF THE USE OF MODERN TECHNOLOGY IN WARFARE.

ROMANIA (ENE), WHO DEALT ONLY WITH THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL CONSEQUENCES OF THE ARMAMENTS RACE, SAID IT WAS NECESSARY TO MAKE THE PACE OF DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS SURPASS THE SPEED OF THE ARMS RACE. THAT RACE WAS ADVERSELY AFFECTING THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A NEW INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC ORDER. THE ROMANIAN DELEGATION WAS HOLDING CONSULTATIONS ON THE PREPARATION OF A DRAFT RESOLUTION ON THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL CONSEQUENCES OF THE ARMS RACE, ENE SAID.

GDR (HERDER) STATED THE VIENNA NEGOTIATIONS ON MUTUAL REDUCTION OF FORCES AND ARMAMENTS IN CENTRAL EUROPE WERE A POSSIBILITY FOR SUPPLEMENTING EUROPEAN DETENTE BY MEASURES OF MILITARY DETENTE. GDR CALLED FOR UNIVERSALITY REGARDING THE NPT, SUPPORTED THE SOVIET PROPOSALS ON WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION AND ON PROHIBITION OF NUCLEAR WEAPON TESTS, CRITICIZED ONE DELEGATION'S (PRC) STATEMENT ON THE UNAVOIDABILITY OF WAR, AND CALLED FOR SPEEDY PREPARATION OF A WDC AND FOR AN INCREASE IN THE APPLICATION OF SAFEGUARDS FOR THE EXPORT OF NUCLEAR MATERIAL OR EQUIPMENT. GDR FAVORED NFZ'S, AND BELIEVED THAT SINCE NUCLEAR-WEAPON STATES HAD TO ASSUME OBLIGATIONS THEY SHOULD PARTICIPATE IN NEGOTIATIONS ON CREATION OF SUCH ZONES.

BANGLADESH (KARIM) SAW NEED TO CLARIFY THE PROBLEM OF PEACEFUL NUCLEAR EXPLOSIONS, FAVORED INDIAN OCEAN AS A ZONE OF PEACE, AND ENDORSED IDEA OF WDC. SUPPORTING THE CREATION OF A SOUTH PACIFIC NFZ, KARIM SAID THAT FOR SUCH A PROPOSAL TO HAVE MEANINGFUL RELEVANCE IT MUST BE PRECEDED BY THOROUGH CONSULTATIONS AMONG THE COUNTRIES IN THE REGION AND MUST BE BASED ON THEIR COOPERATION AND CONSENT.

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UK (ALLEN) WISHED THE IAEA TO EXAMINE THE EARLY PREPARATION OF SAFEGUARDS WHICH WOULD COVER ALL CIVIL NUCLEAR ACTIVITIES AND WHICH ALL NON-NUCLEAR-WEAPON STATES COULD ACCEPT AS AN AFFIRMATION OF THEIR INTENTION NOT TO DIVERT NUCLEAR

MATERIAL FROM CIVIL NUCLEAR FACILITIES TO THE MANUFACTURE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS OR NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVES. IF IAEA SAFEGUARDS WERE NOT MADE STRONGER, ALL WOULD BE THE LOSERS. THE UK WOULD ACCEPT VERIFICATION TECHNIQUES DESIGNED TO GIVE THE NECESSARY CONFIDENCE, PROVIDED THEY DO NOT ADD TO THE DANGERS OF, FOR EXAMPLE, NUCLEAR PROLIFERATION. ALLEN EMPHASIZED THE IMPORTANCE OF A FAIR BALANCE IN THE EFFECT OF DISARMAMENT MEASURES, HOPED FOR REDOUBLED EFFORTS TO BAN CHEMICAL WEAPONS, AND SAID ANY WDC WOULD HAVE TO BE ATTENDED BY ALL SIGNIFICANT MILITARY POWERS AND CERTAINLY ALL NUCLEAR POWERS. UK URGED THAT PREVENTIVE MEASURES DEALING WITH POSSIBLE FUTURE WEAPONS SHOULD NOT DIVERT ATTENTION FROM THE NEED TO DEAL WITH THE VAST QUANTITY OF ARMAMENTS HELD NOW BY MANY STATES. THE SOVIET DRAFT ON BANNING ALL NUCLEAR WEAPONS TESTS APPEARED DEFECTIVE BECAUSE IT: DID NOT INCLUDE VERIFICATION PROVISIONS THAT WOULD MEET THE VERY REAL NEED FOR CONFIDENCE THAT A TEST BAN WAS BEING RESPECTED BY ALL PARTIES, AND DID NOT DEAL ADEQUATELY WITH PNES. UK THOUGHT IT UNREASONABLE THAT STATES OUTSIDE A NFZ SHOULD BE ASKED TO GIVE COMMITMENTS IN ADVANCE.

LIBERIA (HARMON) COMMENTED THERE WAS A GROWING FEELING THAT WHAT WAS NEEDED WAS A RETHINKING OF THE WHOLE QUESTION OF THE UN PROGRAM FOR DISARMAMENT, AND, THEREFORE, THERE SHOULD BE A WDC OR SPECIAL GA ON DISARMAMENT. HARMON SAID THE US MUST REMAIN THE CENTER OF HOPE FOR THE FREE WORLD, AND THE US STATEMENT IN COMMITTEE REFLECTED CAUTION AND BALANCE BETWEEN ITS SPECIAL RESPONSIBILITIES AND A GENUINE SUPPORT AND COMMITMENT TO THE PRINCIPLES EMBODIED IN THE UN CHARTER. STATING THE MAIN PROBLEM WAS THE FRAGMENTARY APPROACH TAKEN TO DISARMAMENT QUESTIONS, HARMON SUGGESTED CREATING A COMMITTEE OF EXPERTS TO CONSIDER A STRATEGY FOR DISARMAMENT AND TO REPORT TO THE 31ST GA.

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COMMITTEE 3 -- MIGRANT WORKERS, AMNESTY

AT THE COMMITTEE'S MORNING MEETING NOV. 13, MEXICO INTRODUCED A DRAFT RESOLUTION ON RESPECT FOR THE HUMAN RIGHTS OF MIGRANT WORKERS, INCLUDING THOSE THAT ARE "NON-DOCUMENTED" (L.2174), AND BAROODY (SAUDI ARABIA) INTRODUCED AMENDMENTS (L.2177) TO THE US DRAFT ON AMNESTY FOR POLITICAL PRISONERS AND SAID HE WOULD BE OFFERING ADDITIONAL AMENDMENTS.

BAROODY'S AMENDMENTS TO THE US RESOLUTION CALL FOR: ADDITION OF NEW PREAMBULAR PARAGRAPH "TAKING INTO ACCOUNT THAT MANY PERSONS LABORING FOR THE RIGHT OF SELF-DETERMINATION AS SPELLED OUT IN ART. 1 OF THE TWO INTERNATIONAL COVENANTS ON HUMAN RIGHTS AS WELL AS IN MANY UN RESOLUTIONS, ARE QUITE OFTEN

ARBITRARILY DETAINED OR IMPRISONED,"
AND ADDING AS A NEW OPERATIVE PARAGRAPH "FURTHER APPEALS TO
ALL GOVERNMENTS TO PROCLAIM AN UNCONDITIONAL AMNESTY TO
ALL THOSE POLITICAL PRISONERS WHO WERE DETAINED FOR HAVING
BEEN EFFECTIVE ACTIVISTS FOR THE RIGHT OF SELF-DETERMINATION
OF THEIR PEOPLE."

DE FARIA (PORTUGAL), NOTING THAT BEFORE PORTUGAL'S REVOLUTION
IT HAD MANY CITIZENS WHO WERE PREVENTED FROM STATING
THEIR VIEWS IN OPPOSITION, SAID PORTUGAL FAVORED THE APPEAL
IN THE US DRAFT AND THOUGHT IT WAS A COMMENDABLE ACT TO
INTRODUCE SUCH A RESOLUTION. CATO (GHANA) COULD NOT AGREE
THAT THE PRESS IN SOUTH AFRICA HAD MORE FREEDOM THAN
THE PRESS IN ALL OF THE REST OF AFRICA, AND, WHILE ADMITTING
MISTAKES HAD BEEN MADE IN THE PROCESS OF BUILDING UP
AFRICA AND HUMAN RIGHTS VIOLATIONS EXISTED, HE THOUGHT THERE
WAS NO BASIS FOR COMPARISON BETWEEN THE SITUATION IN
SOUTH AFRICA AND THE REST OF AFRICA.

MITCHELL TOLD THE GHANAIAAN REPRESENTATIVE THERE WAS NOTHING
IN THE THE US STATEMENT NOV. 12 THAT WAS DESIGNED TO REFLECT
ON THE GREAT PROGRESS AND DISTINGUISHED CONTRIBUTIONS MADE
BY GHANA AND ITS PEOPLE. TURNING TO CUBA, MITCHELL SAID THE
REPRESENTATIVE OF THAT COUNTRY MIGHT BE THE FIRST TO CONFESS
THAT HIS COUNTRY WAS HOLDING POLITICAL PRISONERS. CUBA HAD
MANY FINE PHYSICAL ATTRIBUTES, BUT THE QUESTION AROSE WHY
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THOUSANDS AND THOUSANDS OF CUBANS CHOSE TO GO TO ANOTHER
PLACE. HE QUOTED THE 1974-75 REPORT OF AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL
ON THE DIFFICULTY OF ESTIMATING THE NUMBER OF POLITICAL
PRISONERS IN CUBA BECAUSE OF A NEW AND EVOLVING PENAL
SYSTEM. HE THEN QUOTED SEN. MCGOVERN'S INTERVIEW WITH
PREMIER CASTRO IN WHICH CASTRO WAS SAID TO HAVE ESTIMATED
THERE WERE 20,000 POLITICAL PRISONERS, THAT THE NUMBER
HAD DECLINED BY 75 TO 80 PERCENT, AND THAT IT WAS A DOMESTIC
PROBLEM. HE ALSO CITED THE 1974 CBS INTERVIEW IN WHICH CASTRO
SAID ABOUT 80 PERCENT OF THE POLITICAL PRISONERS HAD BEEN
RELEASED BUT SOME COULD NOT BE YET. MITCHELL SAID THE
US DRAFT WAS OFFERED IN THE SPIRIT THAT NO NATION WAS
WITHOUT BLAME; GOVERNMENTS SHOULD ERASE FOREVER THE SHAME
IN THE WORLD OF IMPRISONING PERSONS WHO HAD NOT COMMITTED
ANY CRIME OTHER THAN SEEKING HUMAN RIGHTS AND THE FREEDOM
TO DESIST.

RAMPHUL (MAURITIUS) ASKED MITCHELL HOW RELIABLE HE THOUGHT
AMNESTY INTERNATIONAL'S FIGURES WERE.

BAROODY THEN DECLARED THE US DRAFT WAS A "SIEVE" AND COULD
NOT HOLD WATER; THE TITLE DID NOT SPECIFY WHTA POLITICAL

PRISONERS WERE REFERRED TO; TO US SOUGHT ONLY TO PICK ON SOME GOVERNMENTS IT DID NOT LIKE; THE RESOLUTION SMACKED OF "PROPAGANDA"; COMMITTEE 3 WAS NOT A JURIDICAL BODY AND COULD NOT PUT NATIONS "IN THE DOCK"; AMERICANS WERE A PRACTICAL PEOPLE AND SHOULD BE PRACTICAL IN THIS INSTANCE. "REWRITE YOUR DRAFT RESOLUTION," BAROODY SAID, "OR FORGET ABOUT IT, BECAUSE IT CANNOT BE PUT INTO PRACTICE."

SEVERAL TIMES MITCHELL INTERRUPTED ON POINTS OF ORDER TO STATE: HE HAD BEEN MISQUOTED; THAT IT WAS IMPROPER FOR THE SAUDI REPRESENTATIVE TO TAKE HIM TO TASK FOR INFORMATION HE HAD NOT SUBMITTED; THAT IT WAS IN CUBA -- NOT IN THE WHOLE WORLD -- THAT 20,000 POLITICAL PRISONERS HAD BEEN DETAINED. HE ALSO ASKED IF IT WAS PROPER FOR THE SAUDI REPRESENTATIVE TO RAISE QUESTIONS AND THEN NOT BE PRESENT WHEN THE ANSWERS WERE SUBMITTED. BAROODY EACH TIME TOLD MITCHELL TO BE MORE PATIENT, TO CALM HIS NERVES, OR TO WAIT UNTIL THE END OF HIS STATEMENT.

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ALFONSO MARTINEZ (CUBA), IN RIGHT OF REPLY, SAID HIS DELEGATION WAS NOT YET READY TO ENTER INTO A GAME WITH THE USDEL BUT HE WOULD MAKE SOME COMMENTS. HE WAS NOT GOING TO QUESTION AT THIS POINT THE RIGHT OF THE US TO SPEAK AS THE MAIN DEFENDER OF HUMAN RIGHTS, BUT THE EXERCISE OF HUMAN RIGHTS IN AMERICA LEFT A LOT TO BE DESIRED. HE CLAIMED A CERTAIN PERCENTAGE OF AMERICANS DID NOT HAVE THE RIGHT TO LITERACY AND TO PUBLIC HEALTH MEASURES, SAID THERE HAD BEEN ATTEMPTS ON THE LIFE OF CASTRO, AND ASKED ABOUT THE WATTS RIOTS. THERE WAS A WHOLE SERIES OF MATTERS THAT DETRACTED FROM THE CREDIBILITY OF THE US IN CHARGING CUBA, HE CONTENDED.

IN INTRODUCING THE RESOLUTION ON MIGRANT WORKERS, GAVITO (MEXICO) NOTED THAT THOSE COUNTRIES THAT EXPERIENCED THE PROBLEM WERE THOSE GEOGRAPHICALLY CLOSE TO DEVELOPED COUNTRIES, AND SAID MEXICO SUFFERED FROM THIS PROBLEM BUT IT WAS MAKING EVERY EFFORT TO FIND RADICAL SOLUTIONS. THE DRAFT WAS SUPPORTED BY COLOMBIA, PAKISTAN AND PORTUGAL.

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COMMITTEE 4 -- NAMIBIA, SMALL TERRITORIES, BELIZE

TWO DRAFT RESOLUTIONS ON NAMIBIA WERE ADOPTED BY COMMITTEE

NOV. 13: 57-POWER (L. 1097) WHICH DEALS WITH THE QUESTION OF NAMIBIA AS A WHOLE, 114-0-8(BELGIUM, CANADA, FRANCE, FRG, ITALY, UK, US, URUGUAY), AND DRAFT (L. 1097) WHICH DEALS WITH THE UN FUND FOR NAMIBIA, BY CONSENSUS. STATEMENTS WERE MADE ON SMALL TERRITORIES, INCLUDING BELIZE. (THIS SUMMARY COVERS ONLY THE MORNING MEETING.)

IN EXPLANATIONS OF VOTE ON THE DRAFTS ON NAMIBIA, RESERVATIONS WERE EXPRESSED BY AUSTRALIA, JAPAN, ITALY, IRELAND, FRANCE, DENMARK, FINLAND, FRG, NETHERLANDS, AUSTRIA, SWEDEN, US, UK, NEW ZEALAND AND CANADA. MOST RESERVATIONS RELATED TO USE OF STRUGGLE "BY ALL MEANS," SWAPO BEING "AUTHENTIC REPRESENTATIVE" OF THE NAMIBIAN PEOPLE, LEGAL BASIS FOR DECREE NO. 1, AND THAT THE SITUATION IN NAMIBIA CONSTITUTED A THREAT TO INTERNATIONAL PEACE AND SECURITY. THE SOVIETS SAID THE RADIO TRANSMITTER IN NAMIBIA SHOULD BE FINANCED BY FUNDS FROM CONTRIBUTIONS RATHER THAN THE WORKING BUDGET. GUATEMALA (SKINNER KLEE) VOTED FOR BOTH DRAFTS BECAUSE NAMIBIA, UNLIKE BELIZE, WAS A CLEAR CASE. CHINA STATED THAT SO LONG AS SOUTH AFRICA RETAINED ITS ILLEGAL OCCUPATION OF NAMIBIA ANY SO-CALLED FREE ELECTIONS "ARE OUT OF THE QUESTION." ALSO CHINA OBJECTED TO THE REFERENCE IN THE SECOND RESOLUTION TO IBRD AND IMF WHICH HAD NOT YET EXPELLED THE "SO-CALLED CHIANG KAI-SHEK CLIQUE."

-- BELIZE --

ZAMBIA (SHAIKA) CONSIDERED GUATEMALA'S DESIGNS ON BELIZE AS UNFORTUNATE AND UNJUSTIFIABLE, AND SAID BELIZE MUST EMERGE AS A SOVEREIGN AND INDEPENDENT STATE. GUATEMALA SHOULD BE IN NO DOUBT AS TO WHERE THE MAJORITY OF UN MEMBERS STOOD. OMAN (AL-SAID) SAID SELF-DETERMINATION COULD NOT BE DEFINED ALONG THE LINES OF A CHANGE FROM A STATE OF NON-INDEPENDENCE UNDER ONE PEOPLE TO THE SAME STATE UNDER ANOTHER PEOPLE. CLEARLY BELIZE HAD ACHIEVED A STATE OF COMPLETE INTERNAL SELF-GOVERNMENT, AND "THE KIND OF CONFRONTATION THAT THE AREA SEEMS TO BE HEADING TOWARD, HOWEVER, WILL UNCLASSIFIED

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UNDULY PROLONG THIS STATE OF PARTIAL INDEPENDENCE UNDER WHICH BELIZE IS AT THE MOMENT." THE URGENCY OF THE SITUATION NECESSITATED A RESUMPTION OF THE TALKS BETWEEN THE PARTIES AND MUCH MORE ACTIVE UN PARTICIPATION IN ALL NEGOTIATIONS, IN OMAN'S OPINION.

-- OTHER SMALL DEPENDENT TERRITORIES --

UK (RICHARDSON) DREW ATTENTION TO "MASSIVE STRIDES" MADE TOWARD INDEPENDENCE BY THE SEYCHELLES AND SAID THEY SHOULD BECOME INDEPENDENT BY JUNE 30, 1976. HE ALSO SPOKE OF

CONSIDERABLE PROGRESS IN THE SOLOMON ISLANDS WHERE IT WAS AGREED INTERNAL SELF-GOVERNMENT SHOULD BE INTRODUCED NOT LATER THAN DEC. 31, 1975 AND INDEPENDENCE FOLLOW WITHIN 12 TO 18 MONTHS SUBJECT TO PARLIAMENTARY APPROVAL. HE ALSO SPOKE OF THE SEPARATION OF THE GILBERT AND ELLICE ISLANDS AND NOTED THE JOINT UK-FRANCE COMMUNIQUE ON HEW HEBRIDES. HE REPORTED ON RECENT CHANGES IN THE SMALL TERRITORIES IN THE CARIBBEAN. RICHARDSON STATED THAT CONSTITUTIONAL ARRANGEMENTS WERE STILL UNDER DISCUSSION FOR THE TURKS AND CAICOS ISLANDS. HE WAS AMAZED TO READ IN THE COMMITTEE OF 24 SUBCOMMITTEE I REPORT THAT FOREIGN MONOPOLIES FRUSTRATED ALL EFFORTS TO ACHIEVE SELF-DETERMINATION AND INDEPENDENCE, POINTING OUT THAT THE FACTS WERE THE VERY OPPOSITE; IT WAS PRECISELY BECAUSE THERE WAS SO LITTLE PRIVATE INVESTMENT IN THE TURKS AND CAICOS THAT THERE WAS HEAVY DEPENDENCE ON UK GRANT-IN-AID TO SUPPORT LOCAL SERVICES. THE SUB-COMMITTEE'S REPORT ON CAYMAN ISLANDS WAS EVEN MORE EXTRAORDINARY. IF THE ISLANDS REALLY LIVED IN "GRINDING POVERTY" AS IMPLIED, WHY, HE ASKED, WAS THERE A RUSH TO GET IN. THE UK BROADLY AGREED WITH SUBCOMMITTEE II CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS ON BERMUDA. IT WOULD CONTINUE TO ASSIST MONTSERRAT TO THE BEST OF ITS ABILITY.

AUSTRALIA (CAMPBELL) SAID THAT GOA WAS COMMITTED TO A COMPREHENSIVE PROGRAM OF CHANGE FOR COCOS, OR KEELING, ISLANDS THAT WOULD ENABLE THE 500 ISLANDERS EVENTUALLY TO ENGAGE IN AN ACT OF SELF-DETERMINATION. A NEW POSITION OF ADMINISTRATOR HAD BEEN CREATED AND A SENIOR AUSTRALIAN PUBLIC SERVICE OFFICER APPOINTED TO THAT POSITION, AND THE NECESSARY ADMINISTRATIVE ACTION TAKEN TO CONFIRM HIS RESPONSIBILITY
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AS THE AGENT OF THE GOVERNMENT TO THE EXCLUSION OF CLUNIES ROSS. CAMPBELL SAID ROSS WAS NOT PREPARED TO COOPERATE WITH THE GOVERNMENT AND WOULD NOT TRANSFER PART OR ALL OF HIS ESTATE EXCEPT FOR A REALISTIC SUM OF MONEY. GOA HAD SET UP AN INTERIM ADVISORY COUNCIL TO SERVE AS A POINT OF CONSULTATION WITH THE COMMUNITY, HAD INSTRUCTED CLUNIES ROSS THAT USE OF TOKEN MONEY BY THE ESTATE WAS TO CEASE AND HAD TAKEN OTHER STEPS IN RELATION TO EDUCATION AND LABOR CONDITIONS. HE ADDED THAT A SIGNIFICANT PROPORTION OF THE ISLANDERS WERE REPORTED TO BE DISSATISFIED WITH CLUNIES ROSS AND LOOKED TO GOA TO EFFECT EARLY CHANGES, AND GOA WAS WORKING ACTIVELY TO BRING THEM ABOUT. (REPEATED INFO PRETORIA, CANBERRA, BELIZE, LONDON, GUATEMALA CITY, MEXICO CITY)

COMMITTEE 5 -- PUBLIC INFORMATION POLICIES, CURRENCY
INSTABILITY

AFTER REJECTING ALL PROPOSED AMENDMENTS, COMMITTEE
NOV. 13 APPROVED COLOMBIAN DRAFT RESOLUTION ON PUBLIC INFORMATION
POLICIES AND ACTIVITIES (L. 1241/REV.4) 78-3(US, UK, ISRAEL)-
19. ALSO APPROVED WERE ORAL DECISIONS SUBMITTED BY NEW ZEALAND
THAT THE RAPPOREUR SHOULD REPORT THE "SENSE OF THE
COMMITTEE" THAT: (A) PUBLIC INFORMATION POLICIES CONTINUE
TO BE CONSIDERED IN COMMITTEE 5 -- 44(US)-16-21(SOVIET
BLOC); AND (B) COLOMBIAN DRAFT RESOLUTION WOULD INVOLVE
NO ADDITIONAL EXPENDITURES -- 43(US)-4-18. DEBATE ON CURRENCY
INSTABILITY AND INFLATION WAS CONCLUDED WITH STATEMENTS BY
USSR, FRG, UK, BELGIUM, VENEZUELA, BULGARIA AND US, ACABQ
CHAIRMAN INTRODUCED PENSION FUND
REPORT AND SYG'S REPORT ON INVESTMENT.

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DODE-00 EB-07 EA-09 SP-02 PM-04 H-02 HEW-06 INR-07

L-03 LAB-04 NEA-10 NSAE-00 NSC-05 OIC-02 PA-02 NRC-07

ERDA-07 DHA-02 OMB-01 ABF-01 SAM-01 SY-05 SCCT-01

SS-15 TRSE-00 NSCE-00 SSO-00 USIE-00 INRE-00 PRS-01

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INFO USMISSION GENEVA PRIORITY

USMISSION NATO PRIORITY

AMCONSUL HONG KONG PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY JAKARTA PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY PARIS PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY LAGOS PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY VIENNA PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY DAR ES SALAAM PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY BRASILIA

AMEMBASSY LISBON

AMEMBASSY LONDON
AMEMBASSY NEW DELHI
AMEMBASSY NICOSIA
AMEMBASSY OSLO
AMEMBASSY OTTAWA
AMEMBASSY ROME
AMEMBASSY SANTIAGO
AMEMBASSY STOCKHOLM
AMEMBASSY TOKYO

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SOVIETS OFFERED STANDARD ARGUMENT THAT INFLATION IS FAULT OF CAPITALIST COUNTRIES AND OTHERS SHOULD NOT PAY HIGHER ASSESSMENT, AND COMPLAINED LOUDLY ABOUT SYG'S FAILURE TO GIVE ANY SIGN OF REDEPLOYING RESOURCES TO COVER INCREASED EXPENSES CAUSED BY INFLATION. FRG THOUGHT THE ONLY SOLUTION WAS PARTIAL ABSORPTION OF INFLATIONARY COSTS AS SOME SPECIALIZED AGENCIES HAD DONE, AND STRICTER BUDGETARY MANAGEMENT, AND ASKED HOW MUCH WOULD BE SAVED IF INFLATION FACTOR WERE CUT ONE OR TWO PERCENTAGE POINTS. UK SUPPORTED FRG'S SUGGESTION OF A CUT IN INFLATION FIGURE TO STIMULATE PRODUCTIVITY INCREASE, AND US (NORBURY) ALSO INDICATED SYMPATHY FOR FRG SUGGESTION. BELGIUM CALLED FOR \$20-\$30 MILLION BUDGET REDUCTION, AND VENEZUELA ASKED IF SECRETARIAT WAS TAKING PRECAUTIONS IN CASE OF NEW YORK DEFAULT.

AMENDMENTS TO THE COLOMBIAN RESOLUTION WERE REJECTED AS FOLLOWS:
FRG (L.1247) -- 20-45-26(US); NETHERLANDS, TO DELETE LAST TWO LINES OF OPERATIVE PARAGRAPH 3 -- 24(US)-57-17;
ALGERIAN ADDITION "IT BEING UNDERSTOOD THIS NEW ITEM WOULD BE CONSIDERED IN FIFTH COMMITTEE" -- 35(US)-42-21.
THE THREE OPERATIVE PARAGRAPHS WERE APPROVED IN SEPARATE VOTES 79-3(US, UK, FRG)-9(UPPER VOLTA AND SOME EUROPEANS), 86-1(US)-9(EUROPEANS), AND 63-17(US)-20.
(OURTELS 5944, 5945)

COMMITTEE 6 -- CHARTER REVIEW

COMMITTEE NOVEMBER 13 CONTINUED DEBATE ON THE REPORT OF THE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON THE REVIEW OF THE UN CHARTER, HEARING STATEMENTS BY THE GDR, PHILIPPINES, MONGOLIA, BRAZIL, BULGARIA SIERRE LEONE AND KUWAIT. THE GDR (SEIDEL) STATED THAT THE CHARTER HAD SHOWN ITSELF ABLE TO ADAPT TO A RAPIDLY CHANGING WORLD AS WAS DEMONSTRATED BY THE SUCCESS

OF THE SEVENTH SPECIAL SESSION IN ADOPTING MEASURES TO AID DEVELOPING COUNTRIES. HE SAID THAT DEBATE ON CHARTER REVIEW WAS UNNECESSARY AND WOULD DISTRACT ATTENTION FROM MORE IMPORTANT TASKS. HE ADDED THAT THE AD HOC COMMITTEE'S WORK PROVIDED NO BASIS FOR AGREEMENT ON THE PROBLEM, AND DOUBTED THAT IT WOULD BE USEFUL TO HAVE FURTHER MEETINGS OF THE COMMITTEE.
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MITTEE NEXT YEAR.

PHILIPPINES (ROMULO) PRAISED THE WORK OF THE AD HOC COMMITTEE AS A CONSTRUCTIVE CONTRIBUTION DESPITE THE NEGATIVE ATTITUDE OF SOME OF ITS PARTICIPANTS. HE ALSO CRITICIZED THE SECRETARIAT FOR ITS UNCOOPERATIVE ATTITUDE, AND INDICATED THAT THE SPONSORS OF LAST YEAR'S RESOLUTION WOULD SOON BE OFFERING A NEW RESOLUTION FOR ACTION BY THE GA TO CONTINUE THE WORK OF THE AD HOC COMMITTEE IN 1976. MONGOLIA (NYANDO) SAID THE AD HOC COMMITTEE HAD FAILED TO REACH ANY CONCRETE CONCLUSIONS AND REMAINED DIVIDED ON WHETHER OR NOT THERE WAS ANY NEED FOR CHARTER REVISION. HE POINTED OUT THAT THE CHARTER HAD SUCCESSFULLY STOOD THE TEST OF TIME, AND THAT IT WOULD BE DANGEROUS TO TAMPER WITH THE PRINCIPLE OF UNANIMITY AMONG THE PERMANENT MEMBERS OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL.

BRAZIL (CAMARA) SAID A MAJORITY OF THE MEMBERS OF THE AD HOC COMMITTEE FAVORED CHARTER REVISION AND WOULD NOT BE SATISFIED WITH THE EMBRYONIC ACHIEVEMENTS OF THE COMMITTEE. HE SAID HE WOULD SUPPORT ANY DRAFT RESOLUTION WHICH WOULD PROLONG THE LIFE OF THE AD HOC COMMITTEE. BULGARIA (GROZEV) THOUGHT THAT EMPHASIS SHOULD BE PLACED ON THE SUCCESSES RATHER THAN THE SHORTCOMINGS OF THE UN. HE ASSERTED THAT THE MOVE TO REVISE THE CHARTER WAS MOTIVATED BY A DESIRE TO CHANGE THE BALANCE BETWEEN THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AND SECURITY COUNCIL, WHICH HE CONSIDERED BASIC TO THE UN'S STRUCTURE. HE ALSO DECLARED THAT CHARTER REVISION WAS NOT NECESSARY TO ENABLE THE DEVELOPING COUNTRIES TO PLAY A MORE IMPORTANT ROLE IN UN ACTIVITIES.

SIERRE LEONE (NICOL) WAS CONVINCED THAT A GENERAL CONFERENCE OF THE GA SHOULD BE CONVENED TO CONSIDER THE CONCRETE PROPOSALS SUBMITTED BY THE AD HOC COMMITTEE. HE SAID THAT THESE PROPOSALS NEED NOT REQUIRE THE SCRAPPING OF THE EXISTING CHARTER, BUT ONLY THE DELETION OF OBSOLETE PROVISIONS AND THE REVISION OF OTHERS. HE ADDED THAT THE AD HOC COMMITTEE SHOULD MAKE RECOMMENDATIONS ON CHANGES IN THE COMPOSITION AND VOTING SYSTEM OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL, AND SHOULD PROPOSE MEASURES TO STRENGTHEN THE ROLE OF THE INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE. KUWAIT (AL-OTHTMAN) WELCOMED ALL CONCRETE PROPOSALS ON CHARTER REVIEW AND ENDORSED THE SUGGESTIONS.
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TION THAT THE INTERNATIONAL COURT OF JUSTICE BE STRENGTHENED.
HE ALSO URGED THAT ARABIC BE ADOPTED AS AN OFFICIAL
LANGUAGE IN THE UN SPECIALIZED AGENCIES.

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INFO OCT-01 ACDA-10 AF-06 AID-05 ARA-10 CIAE-00 COME-00

DODE-00 EB-07 EA-09 SP-02 PM-04 H-02 HEW-06 INR-07

L-03 LAB-04 NEA-10 NSAE-00 NSC-05 OIC-02 PA-02 NRC-07

ERDA-07 DHA-02 OMB-01 ABF-01 SAM-01 SY-05 SCCT-01

SS-15 TRSE-00 NSCE-00 SSO-00 USIE-00 INRE-00 PRS-01

ISO-00 /146 W

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INFO USMISSION GENEVA PRIORITY

USMISSION NATO PRIORITY

AMCONSUL HONG KONG PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY JAKARTA PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY PARIS PRIROITY

AMEMBASSY LAGOS PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY VIENNA PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY DAR ES SALAAM PRIORITY

AMEMBASSY BRASILIA

AMEMBASSY LISBON

AMEMBASSY LONDON

AMEMBASSY NEW DELHI

AMEMBASSY NICOSIA

AMEMBASSY OSLO

AMEMBASSY OTTAWA

AMEMBASSY ROME
AMEMBASSY SANTIAGO
AMEMBASSY STOCKHOLM
AMEMBASSY TOKYO

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COMMITTEE ON RESTRUCTURING --

THE AD HOC COMMITTEE ON RESTRUCTURING OF THE ECONOMIC AND SOCIAL SECTORS OF THE UN SYSTEM OPENED ITS FIRST SESSION NOV. 13, ELECTING DADZIE (GHANA) AS CHAIRMAN BY ACCLAMATION. IT ALSO ADOPTED ITS AGENDA AND DECIDED TO POSTPONE THE ELECTION OF THE OTHER OFFICERS UNTIL A LATER MEETING. THE SYG AND THE CHAIRMAN SPOKE. THE LATTER SUGGESTED HOLDING PRELIMINARY EXCHANGE OF VIEWS NOV. 14 ON ORGANIZATION OF WORK AND THAT THE SPEAKERS LIST BE CLOSED BY 6:00 P.M. NOV. 14.

SYG WALDHEIM SAID THE IMPORTANCE AND URGENCY OF REFORMING THE PRESENT UN SYSTEM WERE INESTRICABLY LINKED TO THE GREATER INTERDEPENDENCE BETWEEN STATES AND THE GROWING RECOGNITION THAT THE PROBLEMS WHICH PREVAILED IN THE WORLD TODAY WERE CLOSELY INTERRELATED. THE PROCESS OF ADAPTING THE EXISTING STRUCTURAL FRAMEWORK OF THE UN SYSTEM MUST BE UNDERTAKEN IN THE CONTEXT OF PROGRESS TOWARD A NEW INTERNATIONAL ECONOMIC ORDER, HE STATED.

CHAIRMAN DADZIE SAID THAT AS THE CONCEPT OF A COMPREHENSIVE AND INTEGRATED APPROACH TO DEVELOPMENT AND GAINED GENERAL ACCEPTANCE, SO, IRONICALLY, HAD THE RESPONSIBILITY FOR RELATED PROBLEM AREAS BECOME DIFFUSED AMONG AN INCREASINGLY LARGE NUMBER OF INSTITUTIONS. IN THE FINAL RECKONING THERE WAS PROBABLY NO IDEAL INSTITUTIONAL ARCHITECTURE FOR THE UN SYSTEM. THE "DECISIVE TEST" OF THE COMMITTEE'S EFFORTS WOULD BE THE EXTENT TO WHICH THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE SYSTEM WAS ENHANCED TO PROMOTE THE GOALS OF "SOCIAL PROGRESS AND BETTER STANDARDS OF LIFE IN LARGER FREEDOM."

SPANISH SAHARA --

"SECOND REPORT" OF THE SYG CONCERNING SPANISH SAHARA WAS DISTRIBUTED NOVEMBER 13 IN WHICH SEVERAL RECENT HIGH-LEVEL CONSULTATIONS AMONG MOROCCAN, MAURITANIAN, ALGERIAN AND SPANISH GOVERNMENTS WERE NOTED. REPORT ALSO INDICATED THAT THE SYG HAS CONTINUED CONSULTATIONS IN NEW

YORK WITH THE REPRESENTATIVES OF THE PARTIES CONCERNED,
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AND HE REMAINED HOPEFUL THAT A PEACEFUL SOLUTION CAN BE
ACHIEVED DESPITE DIFFERENCES AMONG THE POSITIONS OF THE PARTIES.
THE SYG'S REPORT STATED THAT THE DECISION OF THE KING
OF MOROCCO TO CALL OFF THE "GREEN MARCH" HAD HELPED TO
REDUCE THE RISK OF CONFRONTATION AND HAD PAVED WAY FOR
A NEGOTIATED SETTLEMENT. (OURTEL 5946)

INDONESIA AND PORTUGUESE TIMOR --

IN COMMUNICATION FROM INDONESIAN PERMANENT MISSION
TO THE SYG, PRESIDENT OF THE SECURITY COUNCIL, AND THE
CHAIRMAN OF THE COMMITTEE OF 24, GOI AFFIRMED ITS WILLINGNESS
TO ABIDE BY OUTCOME OF THE EXERCISE OF SELF-DETERMINATION
BY THE PEOPLE OF PORTUGUESE TIMOR. COMMUNICATION ADDED
THAT THE GOI WOULD WELCOME THE TERRITORY AS AN INTEGRAL
PART OF INDONESIA, AND CANNOT ACCEPT A SOLUTION IMPOSED
BY ANY PARTY THROUGH ARMED FORCE. (OURTEL 5928)

BOMB THREAT TO CHILEAN CONSULTATE GENERAL --

CHILEAN CONSULTATE GENERAL RECEIVED TELEPHONE CALL NOV.
13 FROM UNIDENTIFIED MALE WHO STATED: "A BOMB HAS BEEN
INSTALLED IN THE CONSULTATE AND IT IS DUE TO EXPLODE ANY
MOMENT." POLICE SEARCH OF THE PREMISES WAS NEGATIVE.
(OURTEL 5937)

UN MEETINGS NOV. 14 --

A.M. - GA PLENARY, COMMITTEES 1, 3, 5, 6 AND RESTRUCTURING

P.M. - GA PLENARY, COMMITTEES 1, SPECIAL POLITICAL,
2, 3, AND 4
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Message Attributes

Automatic Decaptioning: X
Capture Date: 01 JAN 1994
Channel Indicators: n/a
Current Classification: UNCLASSIFIED
Concepts: n/a
Control Number: n/a
Copy: SINGLE
Draft Date: 14 NOV 1975
Decaption Date: 01 JAN 1960
Decaption Note:
Disposition Action: n/a
Disposition Approved on Date:
Disposition Authority: n/a
Disposition Case Number: n/a
Disposition Comment:
Disposition Date: 01 JAN 1960
Disposition Event:
Disposition History: n/a
Disposition Reason:
Disposition Remarks:
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Document Unique ID: 00
Drafter: n/a
Enclosure: n/a
Executive Order: N/A
Errors: N/A
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From: USUN NEW YORK
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Office: ACTION IO
Original Classification: UNCLASSIFIED
Original Handling Restrictions: n/a
Original Previous Classification: n/a
Original Previous Handling Restrictions: n/a
Page Count: 19
Previous Channel Indicators: n/a
Previous Classification: n/a
Previous Handling Restrictions: n/a
Reference: n/a
Review Action: RELEASED, APPROVED
Review Authority: GolinoFR
Review Comment: n/a
Review Content Flags:
Review Date: 14 OCT 2003
Review Event:
Review Exemptions: n/a
Review History: RELEASED <14 OCT 2003 by buchantr>; APPROVED <18 FEB 2004 by GolinoFR>
Review Markings:

Margaret P. Grafeld
Declassified/Released
US Department of State
EO Systematic Review
06 JUL 2006

Review Media Identifier:
Review Referrals: n/a
Review Release Date: n/a
Review Release Event: n/a
Review Transfer Date:
Review Withdrawn Fields: n/a
Secure: OPEN
Status: NATIVE
Subject: USUN UNCLASSIFIED SUMMARY NO. 55 GA PLENARY -- CYPRUS, IDA REPLENISHMENT
TAGS: OGEN
To: STATE
Type: TE
Markings: Margaret P. Grafeld Declassified/Released US Department of State EO Systematic Review 06 JUL 2006